

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: NATURA 2000 DATABASE

SITECODE
GR1220011
SITE_NAME
LIMNOTHALASSA EPANOMIS

TOTAL AREA
689,4

QUALITY
This is an important site for wintering ducks and breeding, passage and wintering waders. Species of concern include <i>Glareola praticola</i> .

VULNAR
The main threats are from dredging, increased tourism and illegal hunting. There are several access roads through the area and nearby villages. The camping and the sandy beach attract a large number of tourists in summer having a negative impact on the site. There is also a hippodrome within the site.

CHARACT
A sand-covered shore created by the wind and strong wave action with a small lagoon. Sandy heathland of limited extension with <i>Artemisia campestris</i> , <i>Spartium junceum</i> , <i>Holoschoenus vulgaris</i> is incorporated within the well developed dune system of the site. Reed bed formations occupy artificial ditches and canals, as well as places where saline water is accumulated.

DOCUM
Heath, M. F. and Evans, M. I., eds. 2000. Important Bird Areas in Europe: Priority sites for conservation. 2: Southern Europe. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. BirdLife Conservation Series No. 8, p. 791.

BIRDS										
SITECODE	ANNEX II	SPECNAME	RESIDENT	BREEDING	WINTER	STAGING	POPULATION	CONVERSE	ISOLATION	GLOBAL
GR1220011	Y	<i>Gavia arctica</i>			1--5	1--5	C	B	B	C
GR1220011	Y	<i>Podiceps auritus</i>				V	D			
GR1220011	Y	<i>Botaurus stellaris</i>			1--5		A	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Egretta alba</i>			1--5		C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>				V	C	B	B	B

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GR1220011	Y	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Phoenicopus ruber</i>			V		C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Milvus migrans</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		1--5	1--5		B	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>			1--5		B	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Circus macrourus</i>			V		C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Circus pygargus</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Falco columbarius</i>			1--5		C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	1				C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Porzana porzana</i>			V		C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Porzana parva</i>				1--5	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>		11--50			C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>		11--50	6--10		C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i>		1--5			C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Glareola pratensis</i>		11--50		101-250	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>			11--50		C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>				101-250	C	B	C	B

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SITECODE	ANNEX_II	SPECNAME	RESIDENT	BREEDING	WINTER	STAGING	POPULATION	CONVERSE	ISOLATION	GLOBAL
GR1220011	Y	<i>Gallinago media</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Tringa glareola</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>				V	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Larus melanocephalus</i>			6--10	501-1000	B	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Larus genei</i>				6--10	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Sterna caspia</i>				V	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Sterna sadvicensis</i>			11--50		C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>		6--10			C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>		6--10			C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>				11--50	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>		R			C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>		1--5			C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>	11--50 (p)				C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>		11--50		11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Lullula arborea</i>	11--50				C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Anthus campestris</i>		P		C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Acrocephalus melanopogon</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Ficedula albicollis</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Lanius collurio</i>		1--5		C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Lanius minor</i>				C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Emberiza hortulana</i>				R	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo sinensis</i>			11--50	1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Phalacrocorax pygmaeus</i>			1--5		C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Branta</i>			V		C	B	A	B

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SITECODE	ANNEX_II	SPECNAME	RESIDENT	BREEDING	WINTER	STAGING	POPULATION	CONVERSE	ISOLATION	GLOBAL
		<i>ruficollis</i>								
GR1220011	Y	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>				V	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Accipiter brevipes</i>				V	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>			1	1	C	B	B	B
GR1220011	Y	<i>Dendrocopos syriacus</i>	1--5 (p)				C	B	B	C
GR1220011		<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>			6--10	6--10	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Podipes grisegena</i>				1--5	B	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>			1--5	1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Puffinus puffinus (yelkouan)</i>			V		C	B	C	C
GR1220011		<i>Ardea cinerea</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Cygnus olor</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anser fabalis</i>			V		A	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Anser albifrons</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>		1--5	101-250	51-100	B	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas penelope</i>			501-1000		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas strepera</i>			11--50		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas crecca</i>			501-1000		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		1--5	251-500		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas acuta</i>			251-500		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas querquedula</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anas clypeata</i>			101-250		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Netta rufina</i>			6--10		B	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Aythya ferina</i>			11--50	11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Aythya fuligula</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Mergus serrator</i>			11--50		B	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>			V		D			

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SITECODE	ANNEX_II	SPECNAME	RESIDENT	BREEDING	WINTER	STAGING	POPULATION	CONVERSE	ISOLATION	GLOBAL
GR1220011		<i>Accipiter nisus</i>			1		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Buteo buteo</i>			1--5		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Falco subbuteo</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Fulica atra</i>			101-250		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>		1--5			C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Charadrius dubius</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>				1--5	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>		11--50	6--10		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>			11--50		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>		1--5	51--100		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Calidris alba</i>				6--10	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Calidris minuta</i>			51-100	101-250	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>				501-1000	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Calidris alpina</i>			501-1000	51-100	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Limicola falcinellus</i>				1--5	B	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Lymnryptes minimus</i>				1--5	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>			1--5	1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>			1--5		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Limosa limosa</i>				251-500	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>				1--5	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Numenius arquata</i>			6--10	51-100	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Tringa erythropus</i>				51-100	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Tringa totanus</i>		11--50	11--50	501-1000	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Tringa</i>				11--50	C	B	B	B

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		<i>stagnatilis</i>								
GR1220011		<i>Tringa nebularia</i>				6--10	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Tringa ochropus</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Arenaria interpres</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Stercorarius skua</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Larus minutus</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Larus ridibundus</i>			>1000	>1000	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Larus canus</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>				11--50	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Columba oenas</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Columba palumbus</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>				C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Cuculus canorus</i>				1--5	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Otus scops</i>			1--5		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Asio otus</i>	1 (p)				C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Apus apus</i>				C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Apus melba</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Merops apiaster</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Upupa epops</i>		1--5		11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Jynx torquilla</i>				V	C	B	C	C
GR1220011		<i>Alauda arvensis</i>			C		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Riparia riparia</i>				C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Hirundo rustica</i>		C		C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Hirundo daurica</i>		C		C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Delichon urbica</i>		C		C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anthus trivialis</i>				R	C	B	C	B

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GR1220011		<i>Anthus pratensis</i>			C		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Anthus cervinus</i>				R	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Motacilla flava</i>		R		C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Motacilla alba</i>			C		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Prunella modularis</i>			V		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>			C		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>		R			C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>			P	R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Saxicola ruberta</i>				R	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>				6--10	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Turdus pilaris</i>			11--50		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Turdus philomelos</i>			11--50	11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Turdus iliacus</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>		R			C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Hippolais icterina</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>				V	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		6--10			C	B	C	B

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SITECODE	ANNEX II	SPECNAME	RESIDENT	BREEDING	WINTER	STAGING	POPULATION	CONVERSE	ISOLATION	GLOBAL
		<i>a</i>								
GR1220011		<i>Sylvia curruca</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Sylvia communis</i>		1--5		R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>			11--50	11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Regulus regulus</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>			V		D			
GR1220011		<i>Muscicapa striata</i>		R		R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		R			C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Lanius senator</i>				R	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>				11--50	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>			>1000		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>			C	C	C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		R	C		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Carduelis spinus</i>			11--10		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>			R		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>			C		C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Emberiza melanocephala</i>		R			C	B	C	B
GR1220011		<i>Oenanthe isabellina</i>				V	C	B	B	B
GR1220011		<i>Hippolais</i>		R			C	B	C	B

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SITECODE	ANNEX_II	SPECNAME	RESIDENT	BREEDING	WINTER	STAGING	POPULATION	CONSERVATION	ISOLATION	GLOBAL
		<i>pallida</i>								

Explanatory notes of the avifauna table

RESIDENT (to be found throughout the year on the site): common (C), rare (R), very rare (V), and present (P).

POPULATION (Size and density of the population of the species present on the site in relation to the populations present within national territory): A: 100%>=p >15%, B: 15%>=p >2%, C: 2%>= p >0%, D: non-significant population.

CONSERVATION (Degree of conservation of the features of the habitat which are important for the species concerned and possibilities for restoration): A: conservation excellent, B: good conservation, C: average or reduced conservation.

ISOLATION (Degree of isolation of the population present on the site in relation to the natural range of the species): A: population (almost) isolated, B: population not-isolated, but on margins of area of distribution, C: population not-isolated within extended distribution range.

GLOBAL (Global assessment of the value of the site for conservation of the species concerned): A : excellent value, B : good value, C : significant value.